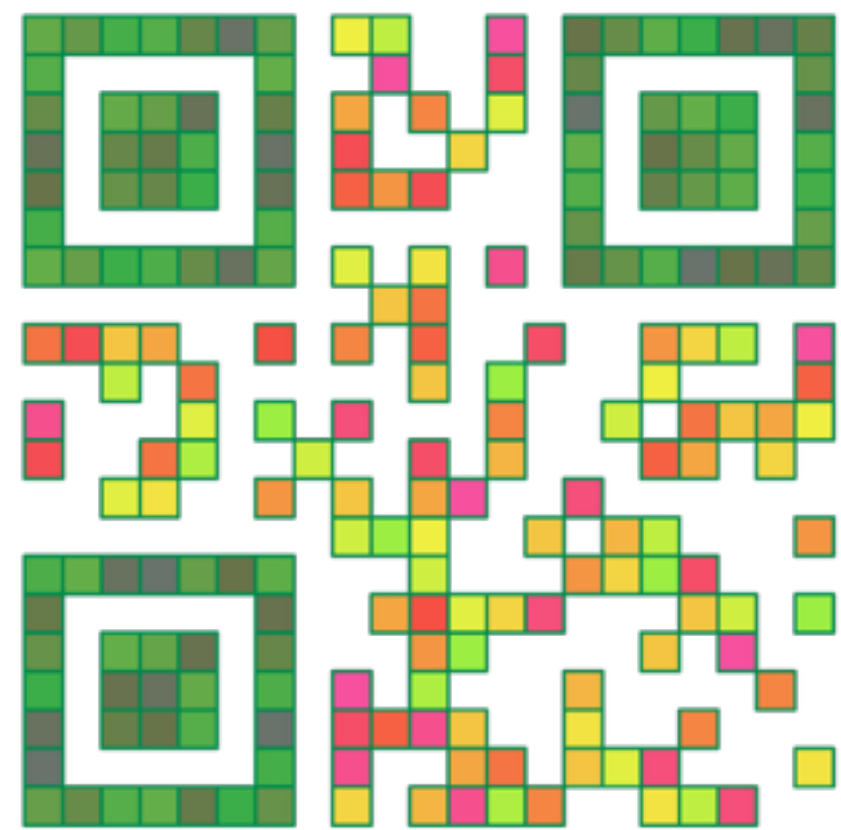


Property Based Testing for Better Code



@jessitron



lots of tests

maintenance burden

didn't test seams



Scala

ScalaCheck

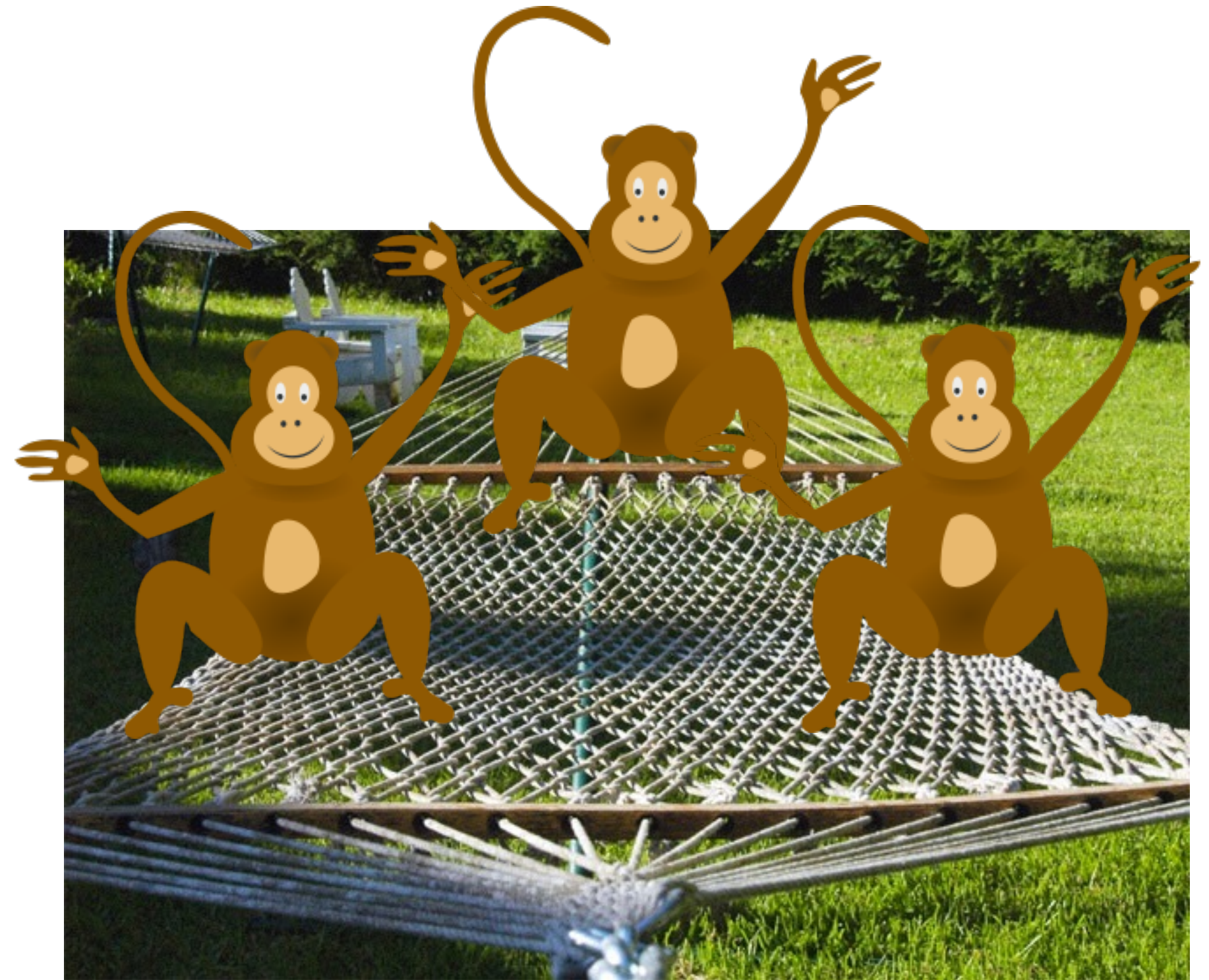
Property Based Testing

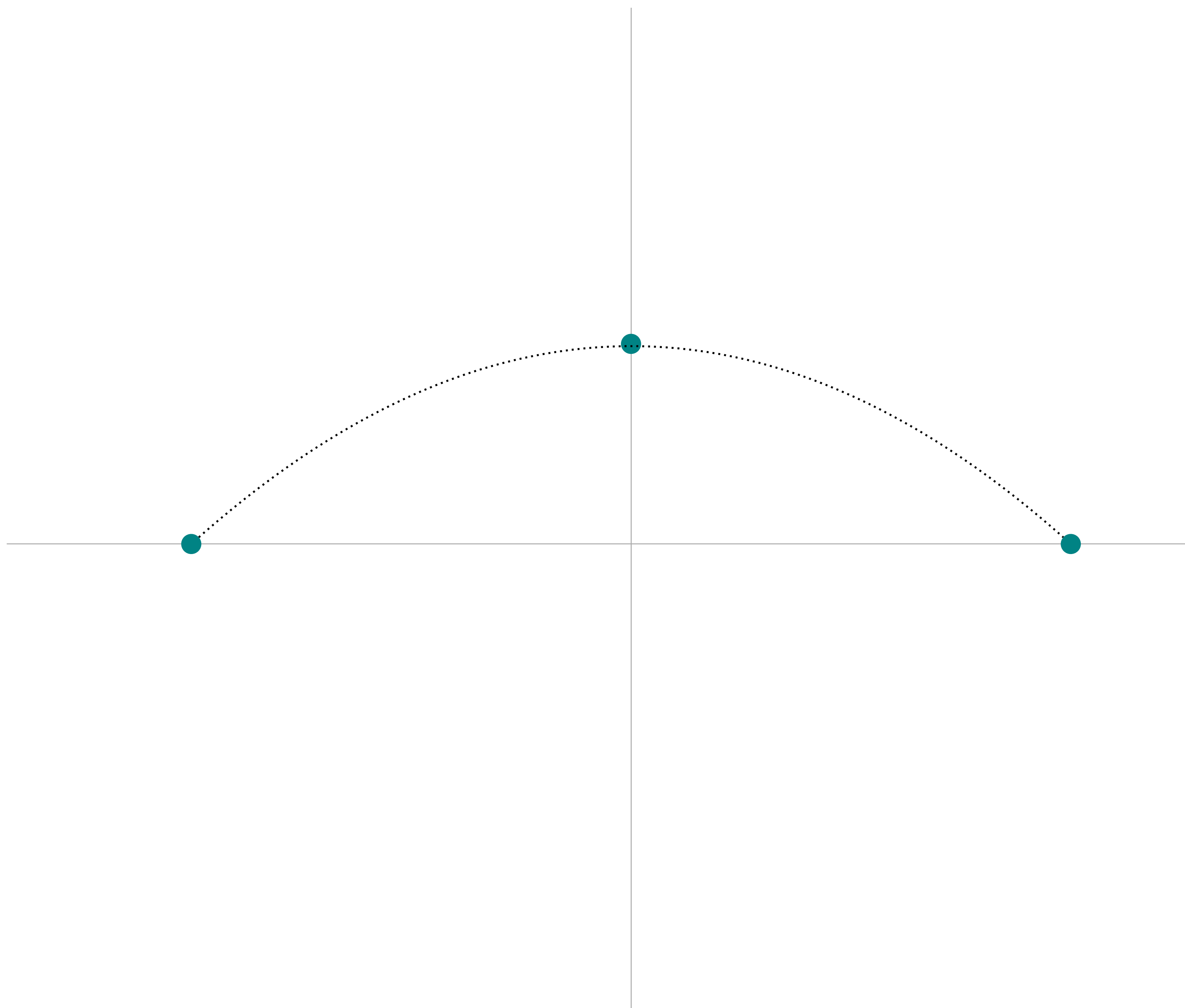


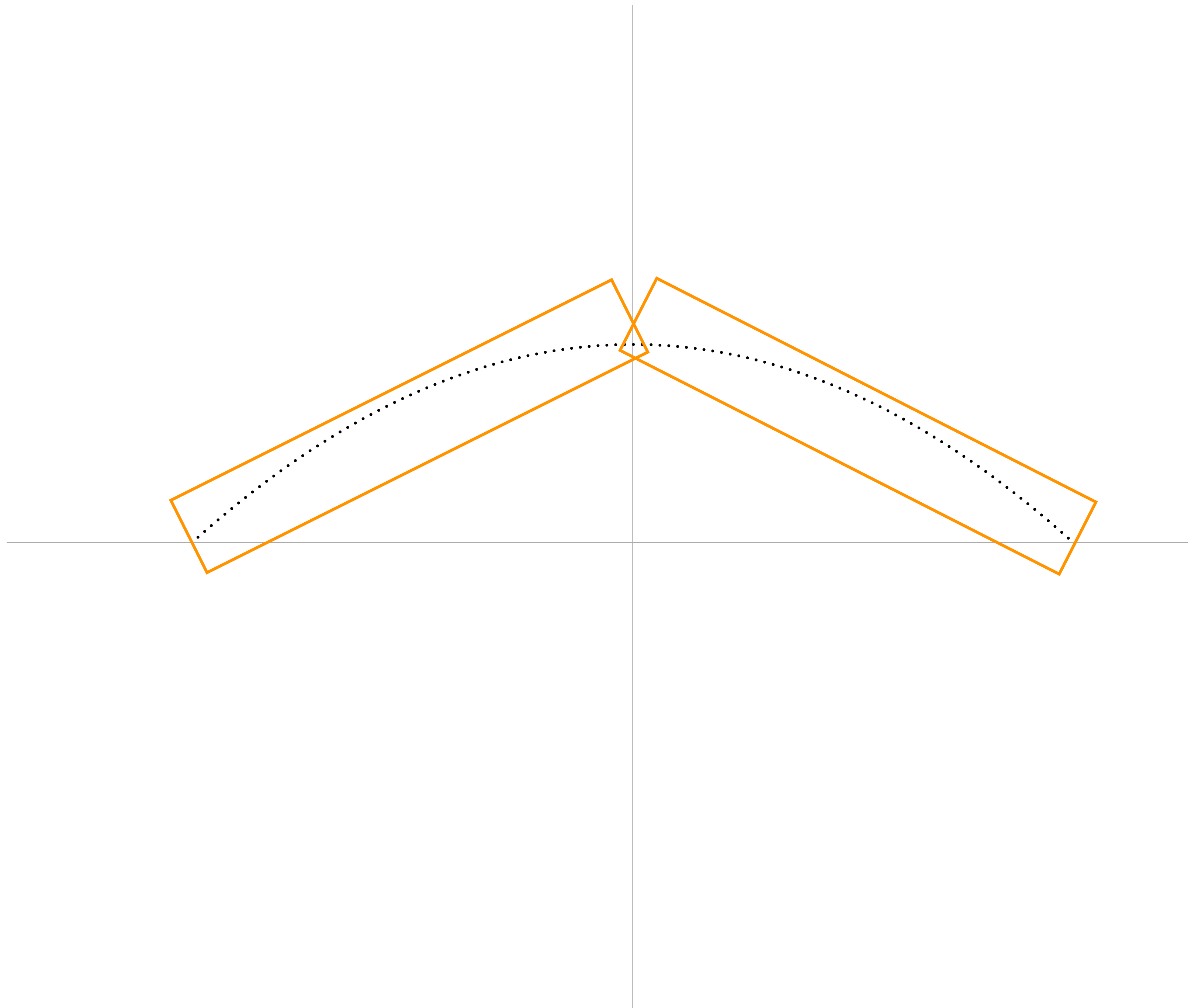
Scala

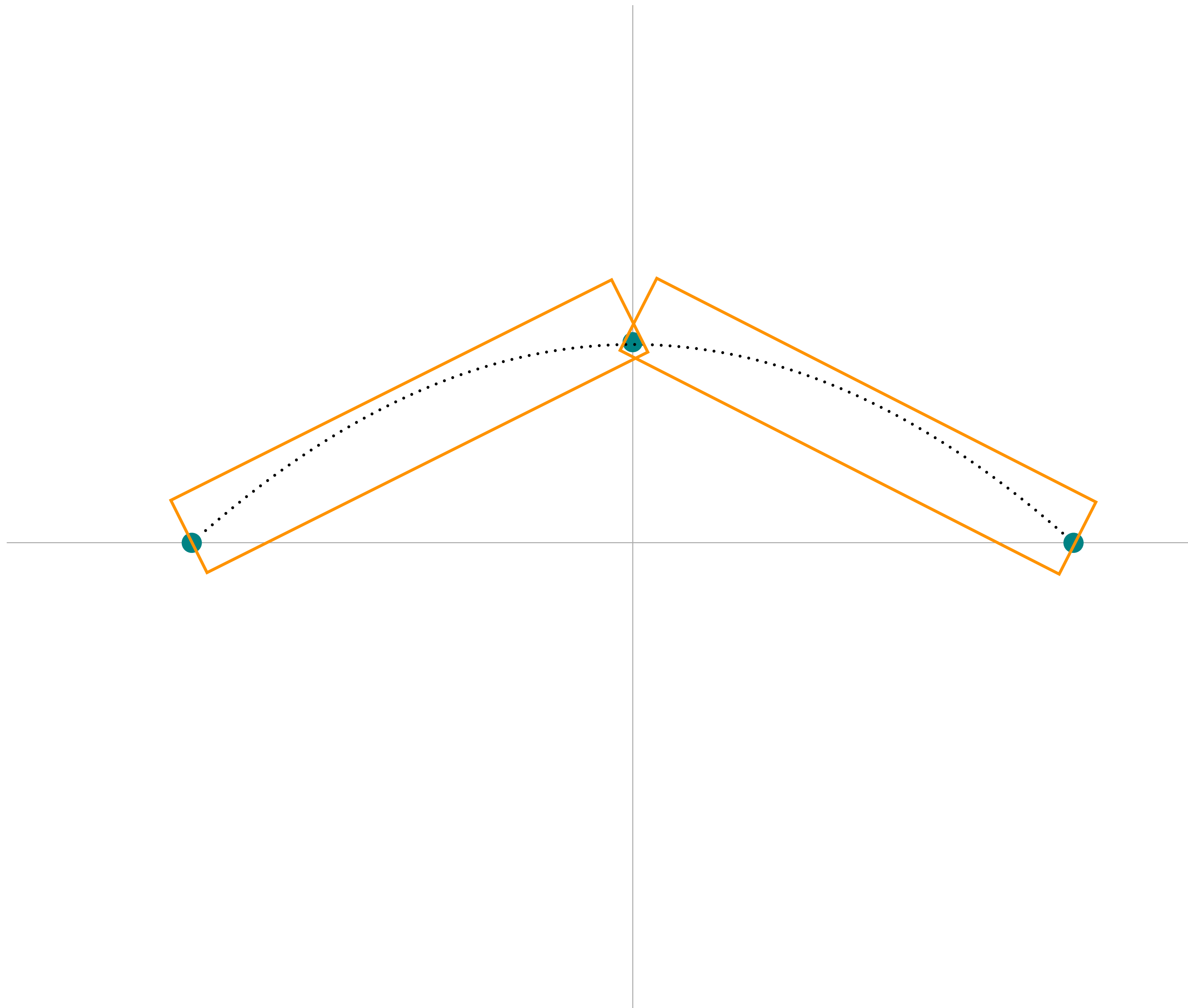
ScalaCheck

Property Based Testing









Define Success

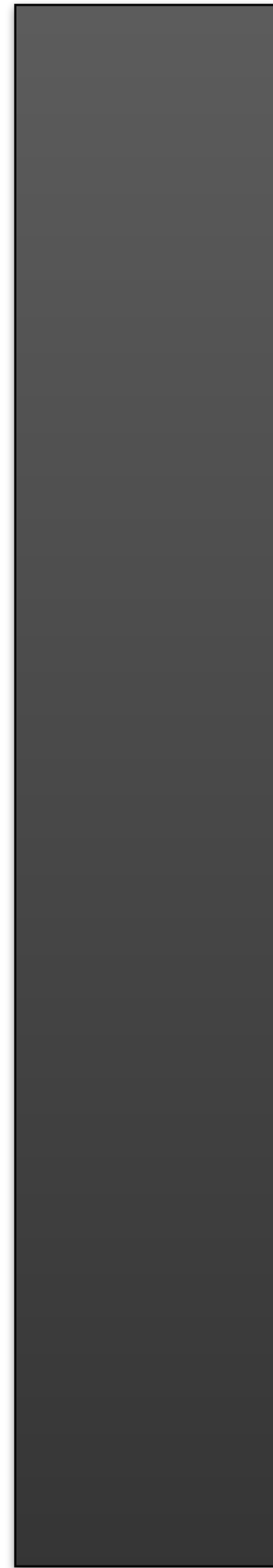
Design

Documentation

Quality

Enable Change

Generators 



Properties 

Generators

Generators

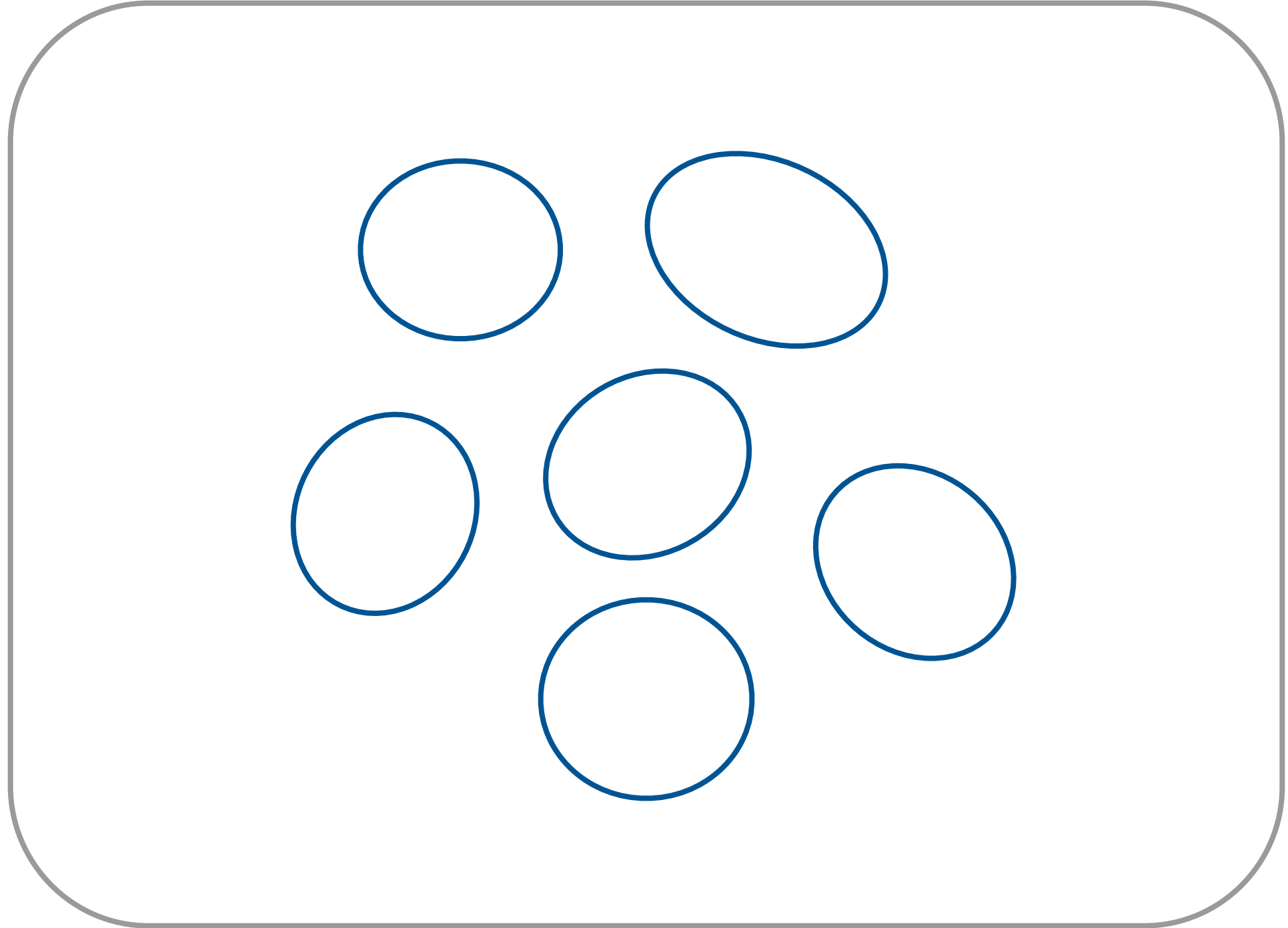
Document: what is valid input data?

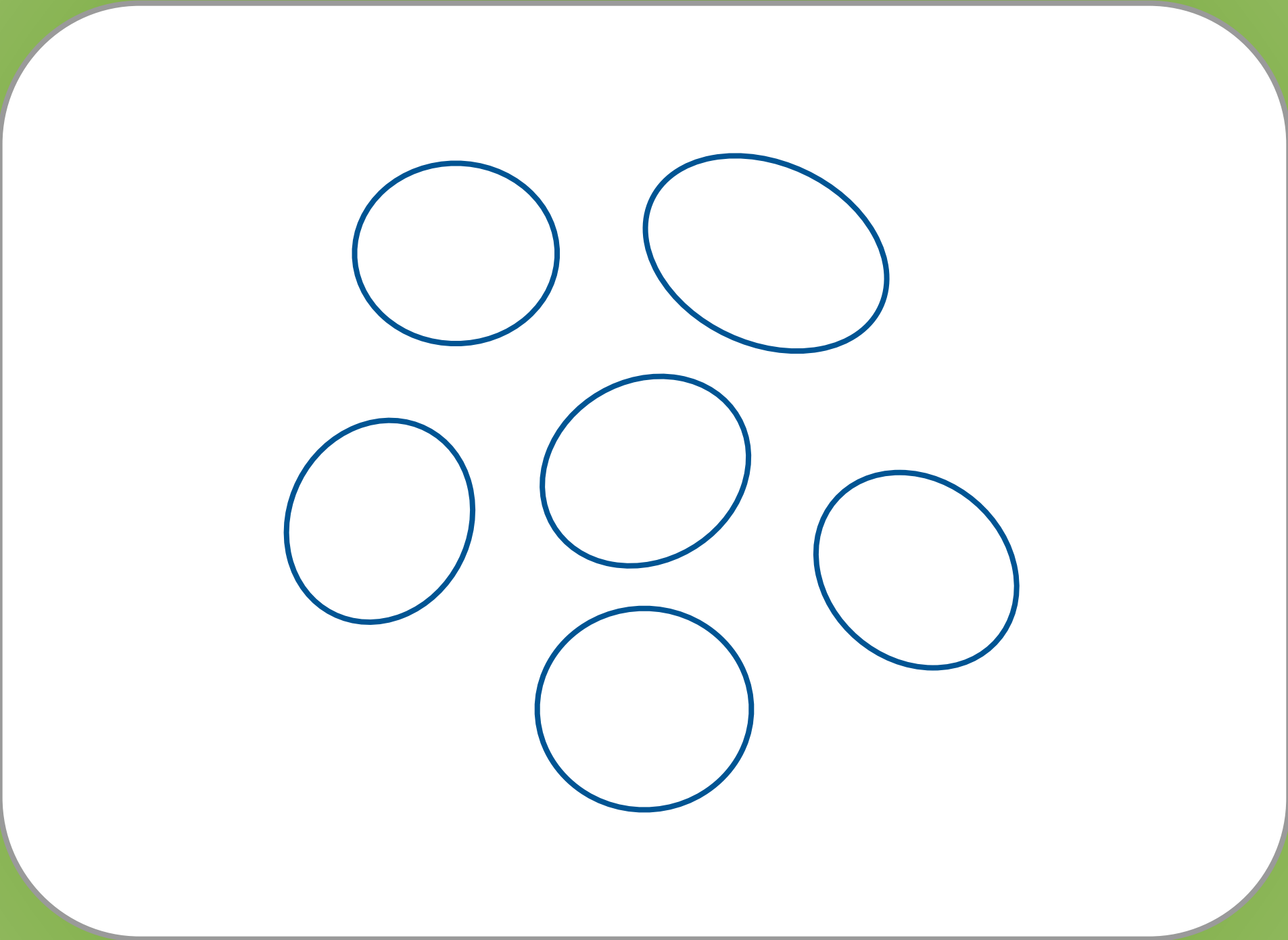
Quality: automatic corner cases

Design: build up from components

Enable: tests of larger components

Enable: tests of larger components

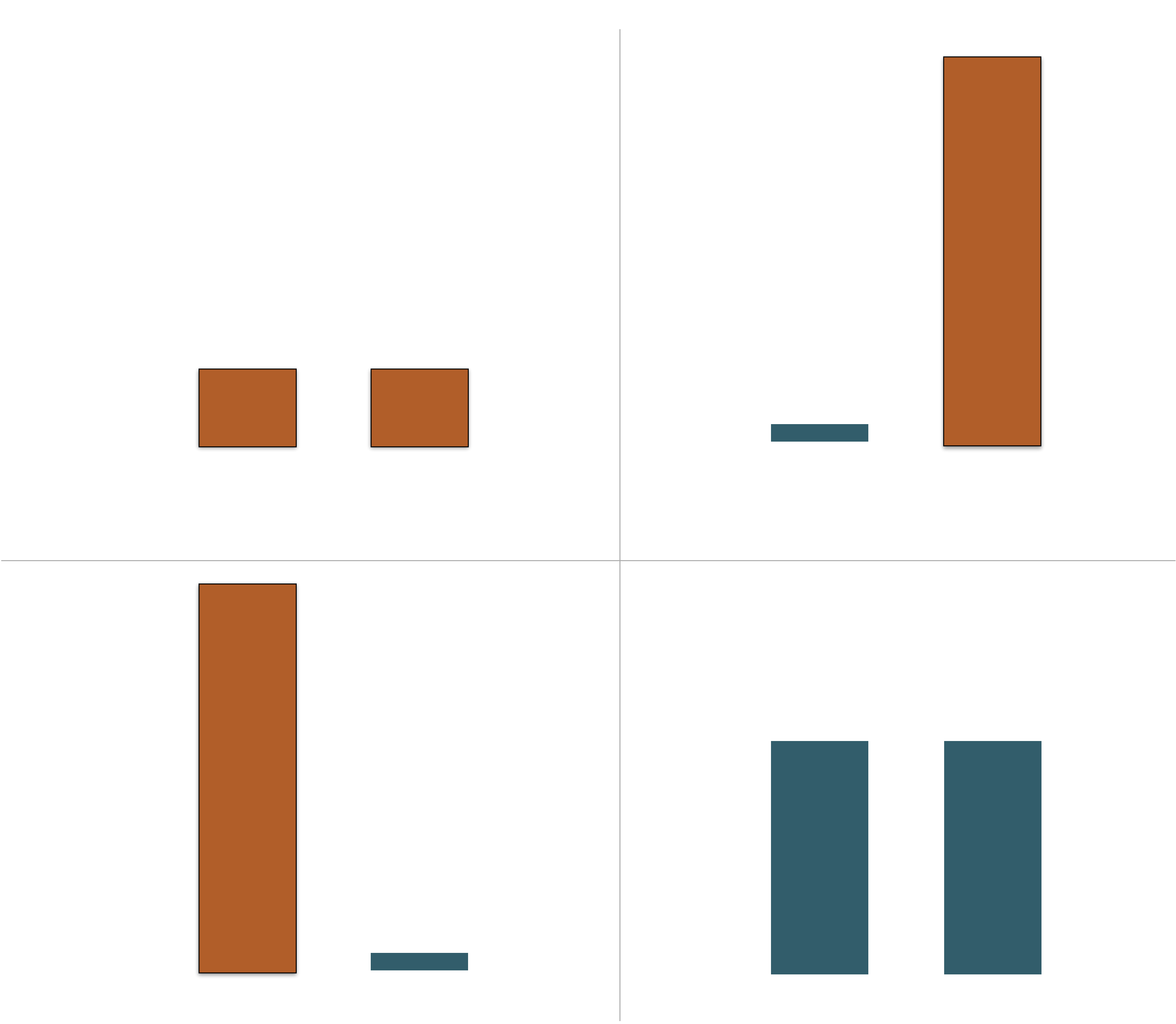


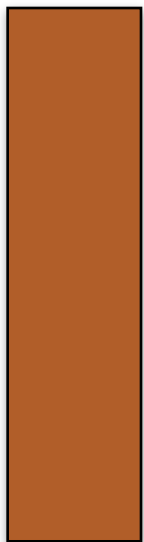
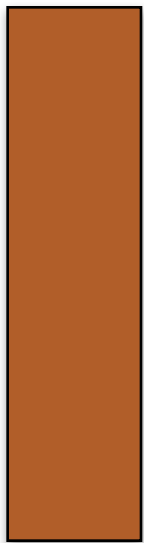












Game

Rules

turns

Player

Player

Strategy

Strategy

Rules

```
case class Rules(temptationToDefect: Points,  
                rewardForMutualCooperation: Points,  
                punishmentForMutualDefection: Points,  
                suckersPenalty: Points)
```

```
object RuleTest extends Properties("Prisoners Dilemma") {  
  
  property("The game is fair") =  
    forAll {(rules: Rules, moves: MoveSet) =>  
      val oneWay = Rules.score(rules, moves)  
      val theOtherWay = Rules.score(rules, moves.swap)  
  
      oneWay.swap == theOtherWay  
    }  
  
}
```



```
object RuleTest extends Properties("Prisoners Dilemma") {  
  
  property("Defection is always better for me") =  
    forAll { (rules: Rules, theirMove: Move) =>  
      val ifIDefect =  
        Rules.score(rules, (Defect, theirMove))._1  
      val ifICooperate =  
        Rules.score(rules, (Cooperate, theirMove))._1  
  
      ifIDefect > ifICooperate  
    }  
  
}
```

$A \Rightarrow B$

Properties

Properties

Quality: they are always true

Document: what is important?

Complete properties

Incomplete properties

Relational properties

```
forall { (list: List[Int] =>
  list.reverse.reverse = list
}
```

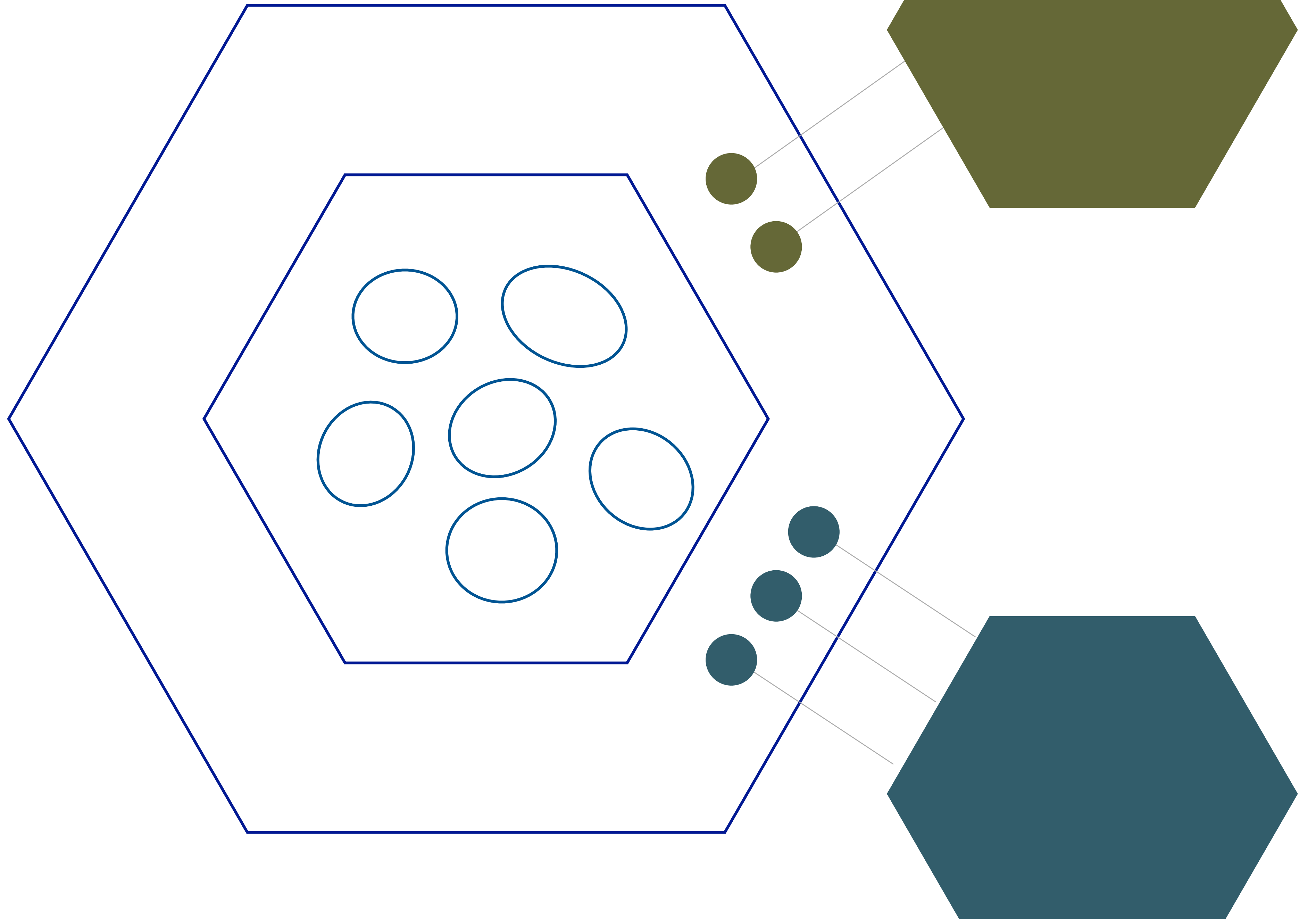
```
forall { (input: Input) =>
  oldWay(input) =? newWay(input)
}
```



```
forall { (output: Output) =>
  val input = from(output)
  subject(input) ?= output
}
```

```
property("All games end within the time limit") =
  forall {
    (rules: Rules, players: Seq[Player], limit: Duration) =>
      classify(players.size < 10, "small", "large") {
        val timer = new Timer()
        val output = Game.eachOnEach(rules)(sys, players, limit)
        val timeTaken = timer.check
        val timeOver = timeTaken - limit

        classify (timeOver < (fudge/2), "comfortable", "barely") {
          (timeTaken <= (limit + fudge)) :|
            s"$timeTaken was longer than $limit"
        }
      }
  }
```



Properties

Quality: they are always true

Document: what is important?

Enable: changes to less important bits

Design: what do we need to know?

What does it make free?

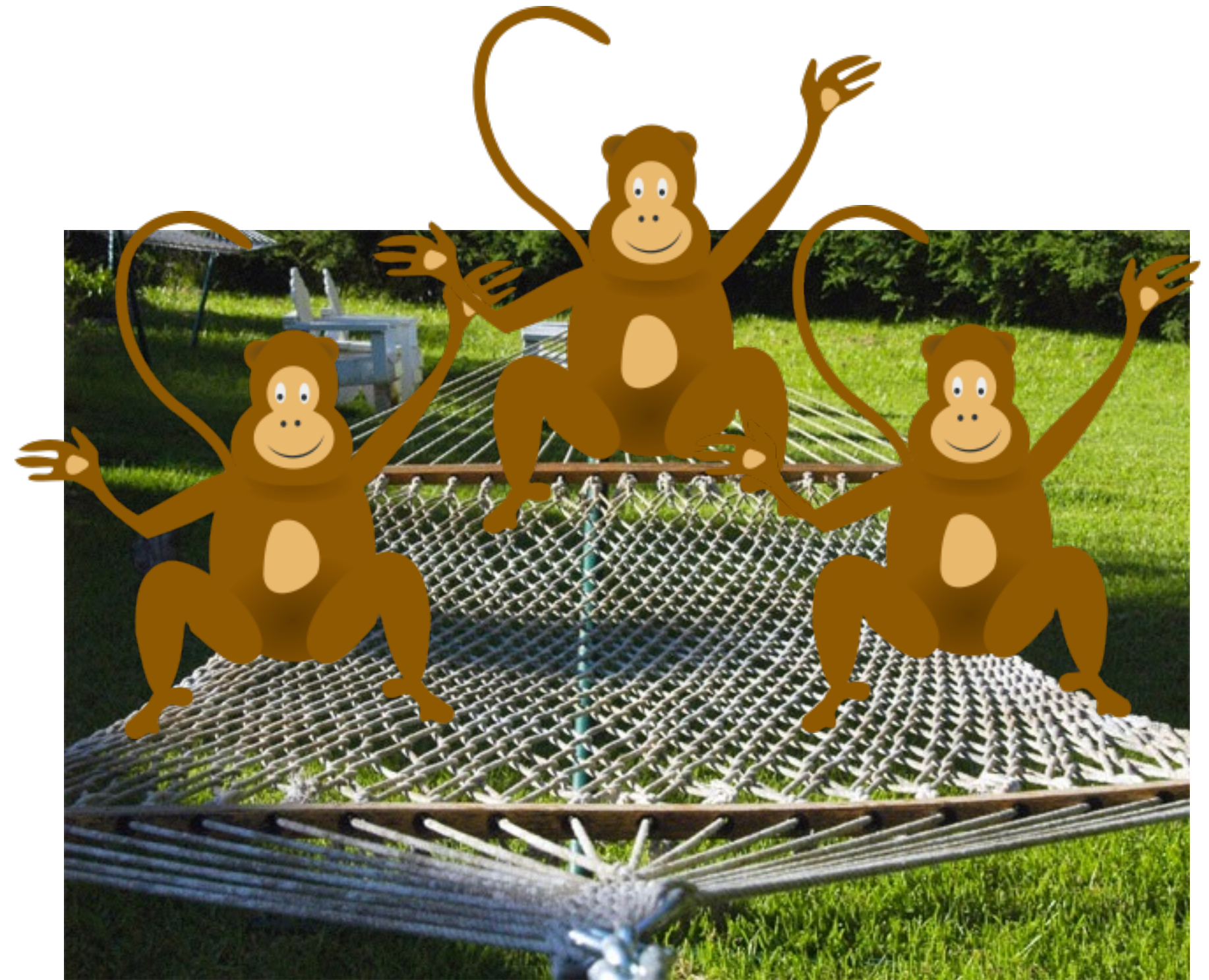
What does it make explicit?

What does it make impossible?

Scala

ScalaCheck

Property Based Testing



Property-based testing on the Java Platform

ScalaCheck

The Definitive Guide

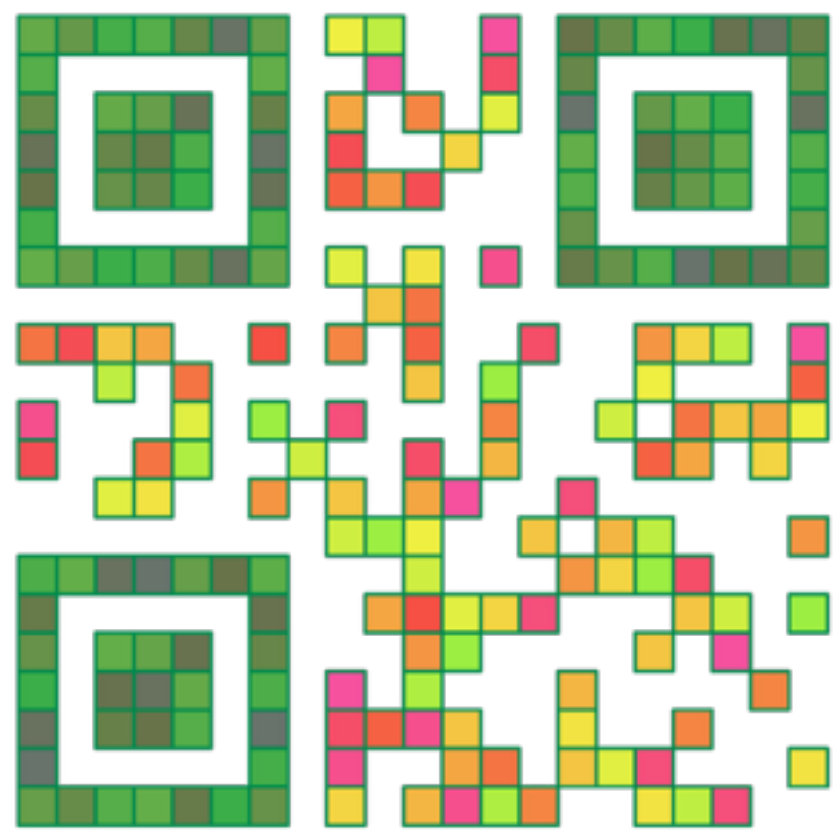


artima

Rickard Nilsson

<http://www.artima.com/shop/scalacheck>

<https://github.com/jessitron/scalacheck-prisoners-dilemma>



@jessitron

